# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNOCRYL 1352-11

SECTION 1: Identi undertaking	fication of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: TEKNOCRYL 1352-11
	ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product description	: Paint.
1.3 Details of the supplier	r of the safety data sheet
Teknos (UK) Limited, Un +44 (0) 1608 683 494.	it E1, Heath Farm, Banbury Road, Swerford, Oxfordshire OX7 4BN, United Kingdom. Tel.
Teknos Group Oy, Takka E-mail: msds@teknos.dk	tie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.
National contact	
Teknos (UK) Limited, Un +44 (0) 1608 683 494.	it E1, Heath Farm, Banbury Road, Swerford, Oxfordshire OX7 4BN, United Kingdom. Tel.
1.4 Emergency telephone	a number
National advisory body/	Poison Centre
Telephone number	: NHS: 111 (for advise), 999 (for emergency).
<b>SECTION 2: Hazar</b>	ds identification
2.1 Classification of the s	substance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	<u>a to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>
The product is classified a	as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full	I text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more of	detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>

- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition</li> </ul>
	sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell P303 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Xylene
	Propan-2-ol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
Supplemental label elements	: Contains Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture					
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	<u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥14 - <24	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	
Propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥14 - <25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≥7 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]	
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥3 - <5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	
bis-(2-phenoxy-ethyl)-formal	EC: 237-644-9 CAS: 13879-32-8	≥3 - <5	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
Cyclohexanone	REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1	≥1 - <1.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]	
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	CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7		Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 CAS: 85711-46-2	≥0.1 - <0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Inhalation

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	eyelid	diately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower s. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 es. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If it is mask or if re persor resuse If unce	ve victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular espiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained nnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth citation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. onscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. ain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or pand.
Skin contact	shoes	contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and . Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash g before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	and ke swallo drink. induce the he attenti mouth medic	out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air eep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been wed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not e vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, ad should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical on. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get al attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such ollar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	is susj mask	tion shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it bected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person ing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
		ects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>s</u>	
Eve contact	<ul> <li>Cause</li> </ul>	as serious eve irritation

Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
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dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b	5000	50000
C6: Flammable (R10)	5000	50000

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Propan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cyclohexanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring : procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures
	for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNELS/DMELS	

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	<ul> <li>Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.</li> <li>&lt; 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness &gt; 0.3 mm</li> <li>1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness &gt; 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.</li> <li>&gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness &gt; 0.3 mm gloves</li> </ul>
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	Filter type: A spray application Filter type: A P
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. Colour Various 2 Odour : Slight : Not available. **Odour threshold** pН ŝ. Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. : Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling range : Closed cup: 25°C **Flash point** : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. 2 : Lower: 0.8% Upper/lower flammability or **explosive limits** Upper: 12% Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density : Not available. **Density** : 1.2 kg/l Solubility(ies) : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available. water **Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. Not available. **Decomposition temperature** 5 Viscosity : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. Not available. **Oxidising properties** •

#### 9.2 Other information

VOC

: 560 g/l

No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-

#### Conclusion/Summary : Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	178216 mg/kg
Dermal	6040.8 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	28041.3 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	291.4 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 100 Percent	
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 100	-
110pan-2-01		Tabbit		milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	<b>,</b>			milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				microliters	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Chip Mild instant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 250	_
Oycionexanone		1 CODDIC		Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 50	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity	. Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
					10.10500

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene		Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Propan-2-ol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2		Not determined hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available
routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Folential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	;	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Other information** : Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Propan-2-ol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
bis-(2-phenoxy-ethyl)-formal	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

:16/08/2016

SECTION 12: Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	high	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	low	

12.4 Mobility in soil					
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.				
Mobility	: Not available.				

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment				
PBT	: Not applicable.			
vPvB	: Not applicable.			

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

-		
13.1 Waste treatment methods	S	
Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	080111
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
TEKNOCRYL 1352- Date of issue/Date of re		16 Date of previous issue	: 16/08/2016	Label No :13583 Version :1.02 12/15

14.4 Packing group		111		
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Hazard identification</u> <u>number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> LQ7 <u>Special provisions</u> 163 640E 650 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Special provisions</u> 163, 223, 955	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for	÷	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	1	Not available.
according to Annex II of		
MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC		
Code		

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Anne	ex X	IV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions : on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Other EU regulations

Europe inventory

: Not determined.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

#### Category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C6: Flammable (R10)

International regulations

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety :	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
Assessment	required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbrovictions and	ATE - Aquita Tavijaitu Estimata
Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classificat	ion	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H : statements	H225 H226 H302 (oral) H304 H312 (dermal) H315 H317 H318 H319 H332 (inhalation) H335 H336 H373 (hearing organs) H373 (oral) H411 H412	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]:Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H322 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
2 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2Skin Sens. 1, H317SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1STOT RE 2, H373SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2STOT RE 2, H373SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs)STOT RE 2, H373 (oral)SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (oral) - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H336
EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of : 16/08/2016 revision
Date of previous issue : 16/08/2016
Version : 1.02 Notice to reader

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.